

Autonomous Quadrotor Flight in Simulation using RL

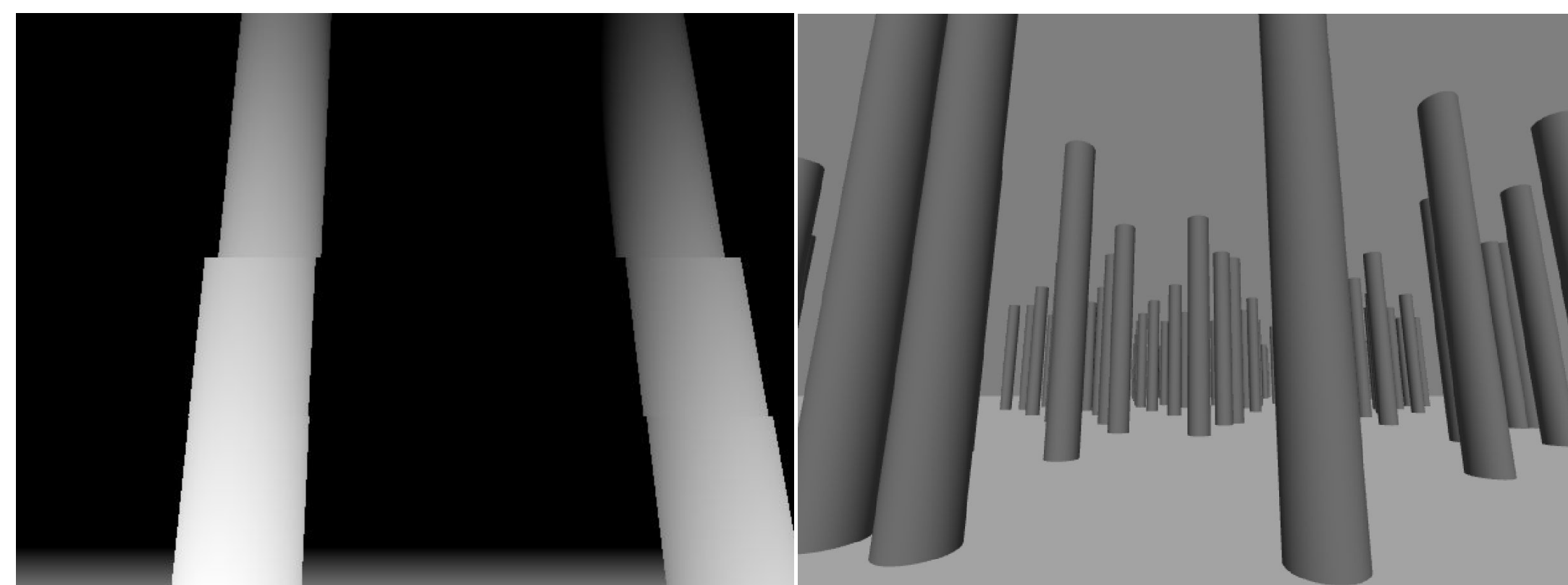
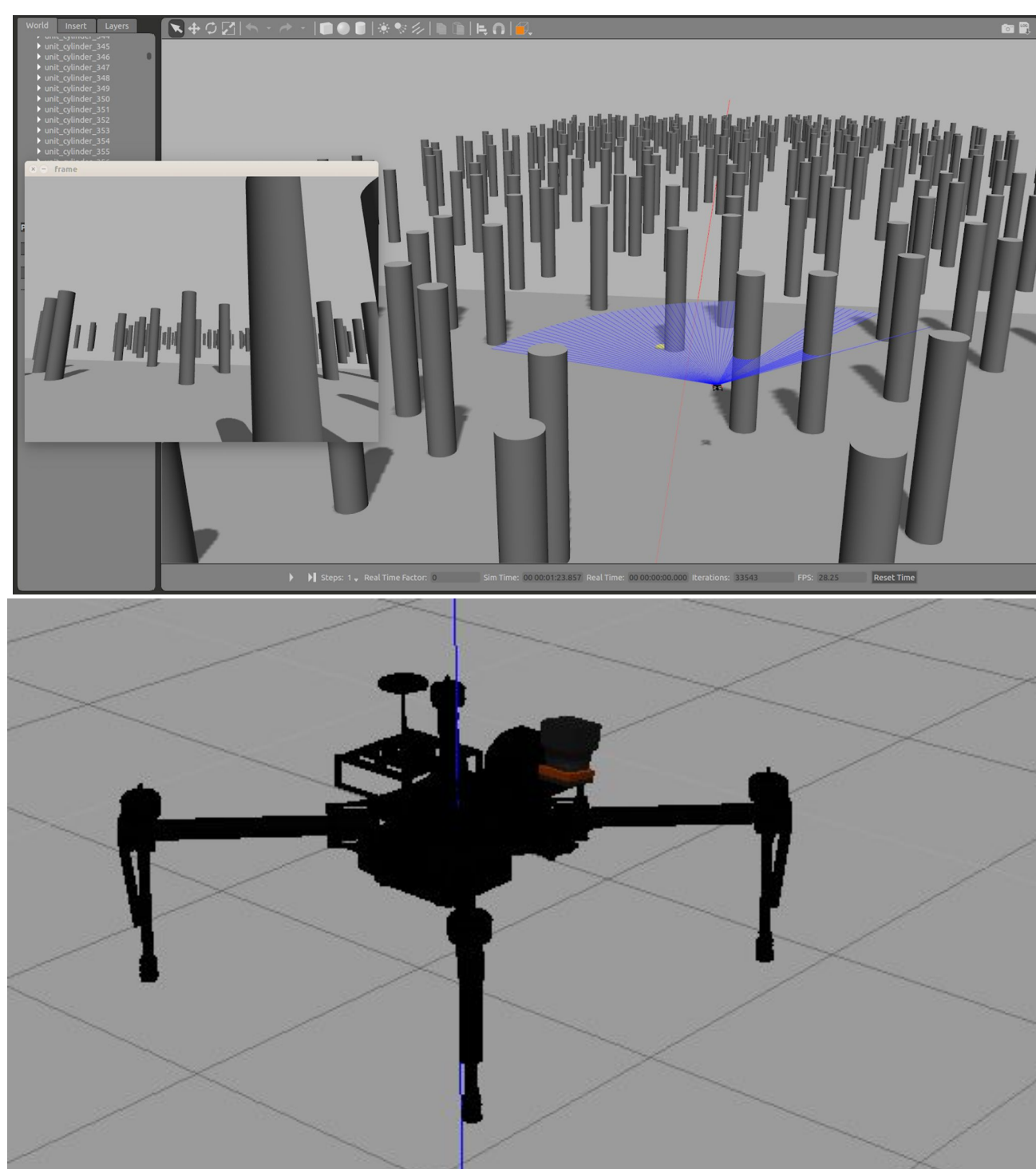
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Motivation

- Despite advancements in sensing technologies, it is difficult to develop robust systems by separating perception and control.
- Learning to fly in the real world is impractical since it is time consuming and expensive.
- Learning to fly in simulation opens the possibility of transferring learned policies to the real world.

Environment

- Environment consists of randomly placed cylindrical obstacles, simulated and rendered in Gazebo.
- Position of cylinders changes for each episode.
- Quadrotor is equipped with a planar laser rangefinder and a front-facing RGB-D camera.



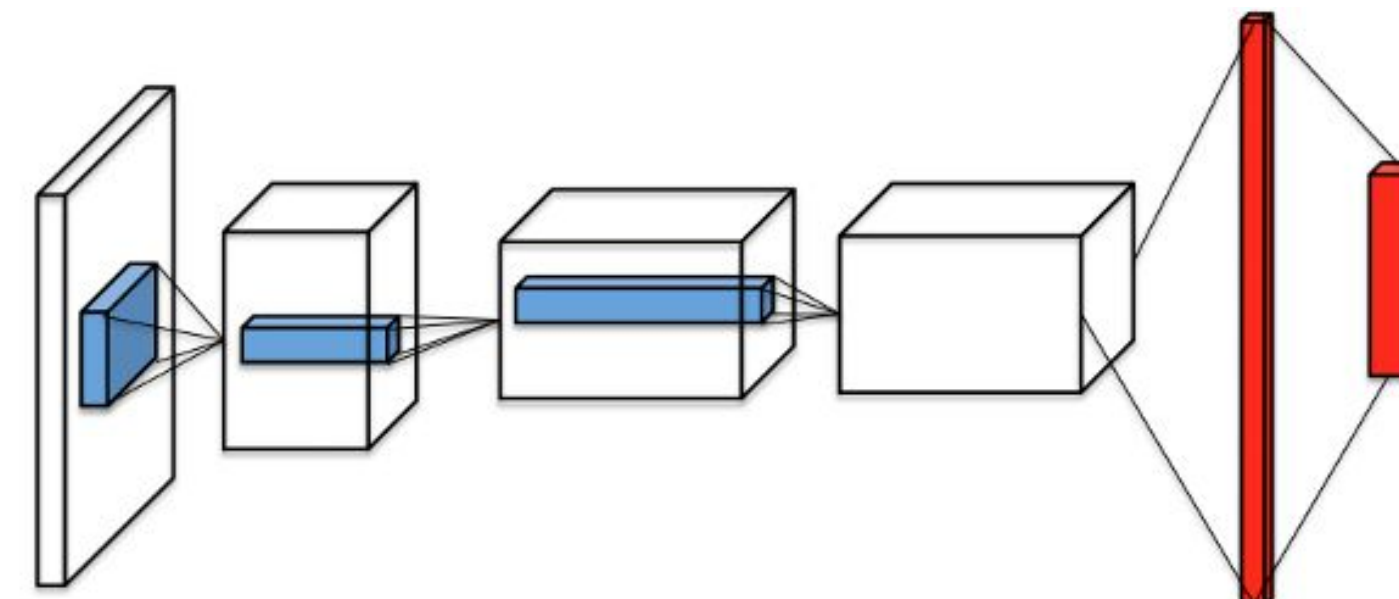
Objectives

- Develop an open-source Gazebo environment integrated with Gym which can be used by the community for reinforcement learning research.
- Train a deep Q-network capable of flying a drone autonomously in the Gazebo environment.

Learning On Images

Network architecture:

- Input: 84 X 84 X 4 images
- Conv layer 1: 32, 8 X 8 filters, stride 4
- Conv layer 2: 64, 4 X 4 filters, stride 2
- Conv layer 3: 64, 3 X 3 filters, stride 1
- Fully-connected layer: 512 units
- Output: 9 units (correspond to yaw angles)



Learning On Laser Data

Network architecture:

- Input: 70 X 4 array
- Fully-connected layer: 512 units
- Fully-connected layer: 512 units
- Output: 9 units (number of actions)

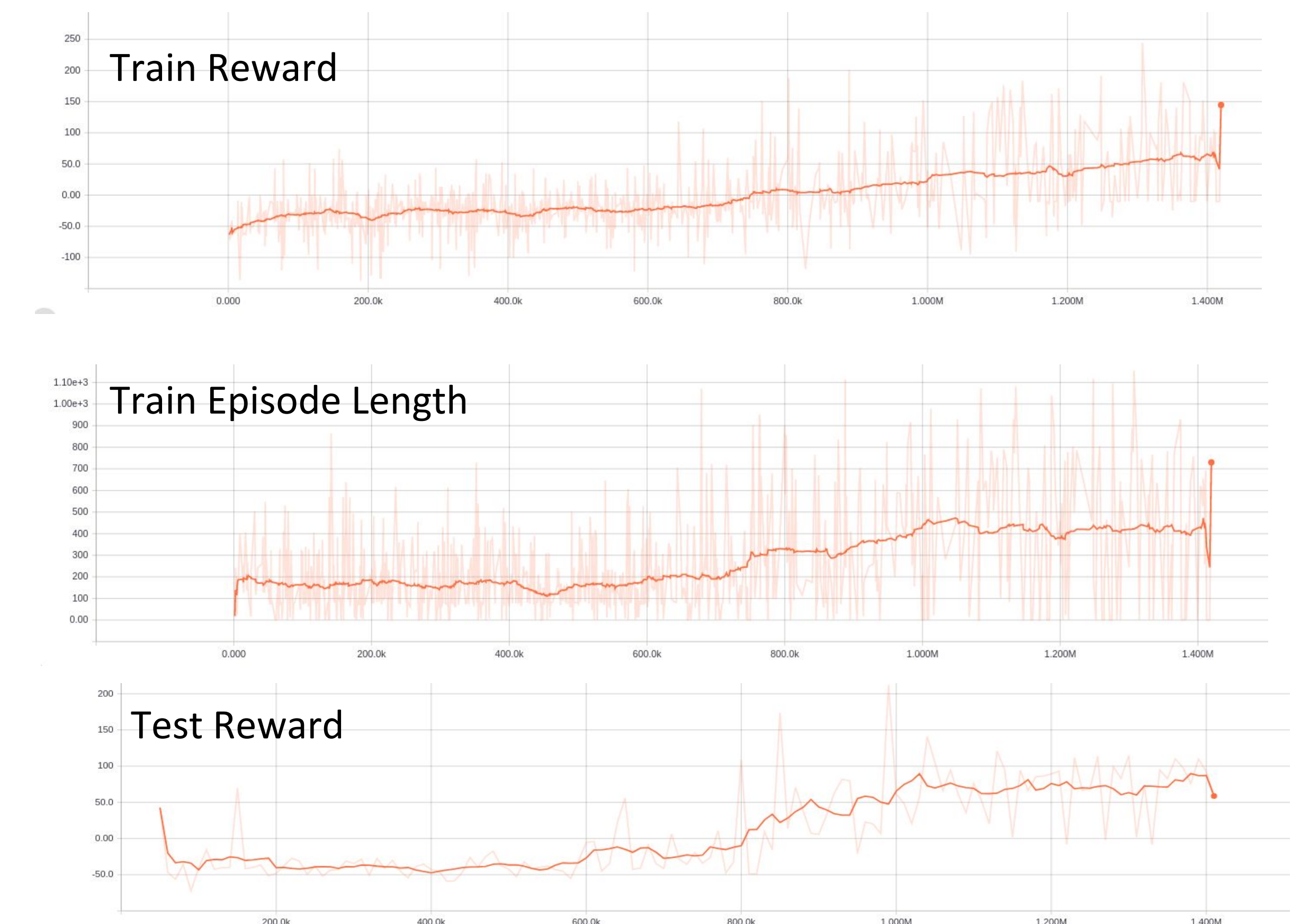
Learning Algorithm - DQN

- Q_{w^-} : Target Network
- Q_w : Online Network

$$w := w + \alpha \left(r + \gamma \max_{a' \in A} Q_{w^-}(s', a') - Q_w(s, a) \right) \nabla_w Q_w(s, a)$$

Partial Results

Graphs for grayscale, monocular camera images



Conclusion And Future Work

- With less than 1M iterations, we still could not observe significant learning in the environments with laser and depth images as inputs.
- Learning on depth images and laser data can be more easily transferrable to real-life applications.
- During the summer we plan to test real quadcopters flying with the policies learned in simulation.

References

- [1] Mnih, Volodymyr, et al. "Playing atari with deep reinforcement learning." arXiv preprint arXiv:1312.5602 (2013).
- [2] F. Sadeghi and S. Levine, "(cad) 2 rl: Real single-image flight without a single real image," arXiv preprint arXiv:1611.04201, 2016